

10

Creative

CREATIVE

in English

Creative

Grade 10

SECOND TERM

2024- 2025

لا تغني عن الكتاب المدرسي

Creative

ENG

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Creative

Module 6 Success

reliable	موثوق فيه		unreliable	غير موثوق به
suitable	مناسب		unsuitable	غير مناسب
aware	مدرك		unaware	غير مدرك
kind	طيب	un	unkind	شرير
professional	محترف		unprofessional	غير محترف
willing	راغب		unwilling	غير راغب
secure	آمن		insecure	غير آمن
appropriate	مناسب		inappropriate	غير مناسب
correct	صحيح	in	incorrect	خطأ
experienced	ذو خبرة		inexperienced	ليس له خبرة
Literate	متعلم		illiterate	أبي (لا يقرأ ولا يكتب)
Logical	منطقي	il	illogical	غير منطقي
Legal	قانوني	(adj starting with l)	illegal	غير قانوني
Legible	مقروء	إذا بدأت الصفات بـ (l)	illegible	غير مقروء
mature	ناضج		immature	غير ناضج
polite	مؤدب	im	impolite	غير مؤدب
practical	عملي	(adj starting with m,p)	impractical	غير عملي
pure	نقي	إذا بدأت الصفات بـ (p-m)	impure	غير نقي
relevant	له صلة		irrelevant	ليس له صلة
responsible	مسؤول	ir	irresponsible	غير مسؤول
regular	منتظم	(adj starting with r)	irregular	غير منتظم
rational	عقلاني		irrational	غير عقلاني

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in capitals. SB p. 75.

1. Mark may be eighteen, but I don't think he should get a driving license yet. He's so ...(mature)
2. The politician was.....to answer the reporters' questions and got up and left. (willing)
3. Whether I think you're good at maths or not is The important thing is that you pass the exam. (relevant)
4. What I'm going to say may sound crazy and , but it's true. (logical)
5. Lots of teenagers are in..... about their appearance. We need to help them feel confident about themselves. (secure)
6. Don't be I know it's a long queue, but it will be your turn soon.(patient)
7. My cousin is 24 years old and has a(n) fear of cats. (rational)
8. Mike never says 'please' or 'thank you'. He's very..... (polite)
9. Joyce didn't get the job because she was..... (experienced)
10. I argued with George and now he is.....to talk to me. (willing)
11. I don't trust Marshall. He is completely..... (reliable)

Complete the following:-

1. I don't think Ali should get a driving licence yet. He's so _____ **mature** for his age!
2. The politician was _ **willing** to answer the reporters' questions and got up and left.
3. Whether I think you're good at maths or not is__ **relevant**. The important thing is that you pass the exam.
4. What I'm going to say may sound crazy and _____ **logical**, but it's true.
5. Lots of teenagers are__ **secure** about their appearance. We need to help them feel confident about themselves.
6. Don't be _____ **patient**. I know it's a long queue, but it will be your turn soon.
7. My cousin is 24 years old and has a(n) _____ **rational** fear of cats.
8. Sometimes Henry works well, but sometimes he's lazy and other times he's lost lots of jobs for being _____ **reliable**.

1

Future with 'will'

المصدر + will ('ll) + فاعل

المصدر + will not (won't) + فاعل

Will + المصدر + الفاعل ؟

❖ Prediction

التنبؤ بالمستقبل

يستخدم مع الكلمات الآتية:

expect	يتوقع	predict	يتنبأ	think	يعتقد	hope	يأمل	guess	يخمن
من probably المحتمل		promise	يوعد	perhaps	ربما	may be	ربما		

- 1- I **think** the match **will be** very exciting.
- 2- **I'll probably be** away for a week.
- 3- I predict Ali **will win** Tomorrow's match.
- 4- I expect I **will see** you at the weekend .

❖ To talk about on-the-spot decisions.

قرارات سريعة

We've run out of milk; **I'll go** and buy some.

❖ Threat

التهديد

I **won't speak** to you ever again.

❖ Offering

عرض خدمة

I'll go shopping with you if you like.

❖ Promises _

تقديم الوعد

I'll buy you a ticket for the match if you finish your work.

2

(am/is/are) + going to + inf

ينوي أن

المصدر + am / is / are going to + فاعل
المصدر + am / is / are (not) going to + فاعل
Am / Is / Are الفاعل going to + المصدر ؟

❖ to talk about future plans and ambitions. للتعبير عن الخطط والطموحات في المستقبل

My brother is going to study biology.

❖ to make predictions based on evidence.

التنبؤ المبني على دليل

Look out! You're going to trip over that chair.

3

Present progressive

فاعل + am / is / are + (V+ ing)

فاعل + am / is / are + (not) + (V+ ing)

Am / Is / Are الفاعل + (V+ ing)

❖ planned future actions related to personal arrangements.

أحداث مخطط لها في المستقبل متعلقة بترتيبات شخصية

I'm travelling to Brussels tomorrow.

Choose a, b, c or d.

1. The presidentan announcement about the future of the company at four o'clock.

- a. **is making** b. **going to make** c. **be going to make** d. **make**

2. Don't worry about your shirt. Iit for you.

- a. **wash** b. **will wash** c. **going to wash** d. **washing**

3. When I get back from the supermarket, Ithe shelf in the bedroom.

- a. **will fix** b. **going to fix** c. **fix** d. **am fixing**

4.me some milk from the shop, please?

- a. **Are you going to buy** b. **Are you buying** c. **Will you buy** d. **Do you buy**

5. I always get a stomach ache when I drink coffee from this place. Icoffee from here ever again.

- a. **won't have** b. **not going to have** c. **not having** d. **don't have**

Rewrite the following sentences using the words given.

1. I think I _____ (**order**) a pizza.

2. I hope you _____ (**change**) your mind and play ice hockey with us.

3. I promise I _____ (**make**) you scrambled eggs for breakfast tomorrow.

4. Next year I _____ (**be**) fifteen years old.

5. I am feeling energetic. So, I think I _____ (**wash**) my car.

6. Gary _____ (**not visit**) his cousin today because he is tired.

7. There are no clouds in the sky. It _____ (**not rain**) today.

8. It has been decided that we _____ (**climb**) Mount Everest tomorrow.

9. We have already made plans for the vacation. We have decided that we _____ (**go**) to the Bahamas.

10. Tonight seems like a nice night to be outside. I think I _____ (**go**) for a walk after dinner.

11. I guess I _____ (**help**) you clean the kitchen if no one else will.
12. My car tires look low on air. I think I _____ (**fill**) them up at the next gas station.
13. The weatherman said that it _____ (**rain**) tomorrow.
14. I think my dad said we _____ (**go**) to the beach this weekend.
15. I think I _____ (**sleep**) early.
16. My father _____ (**buy**) a new car, he has already saved money for that.
17. I promise that I _____ (**tell**) the whole truth.
18. I'm feeling really bored. I think I ____ (**ask**) Jack to come over so we can watch a film.
19. I _____ (**not/play**) football tomorrow. I have an injury.
20. Hopefully I _____ (**finish**) my homework before the end of today.
21. Your bags are too heavy. I _____ (**carry**) them for you.
22. The sky is very cloudy. I think, it _____ (**rain**).
23. I think our football team _____ (**lose**) the finals tomorrow.
24. We _____ (**take**) an English exam next Thursday.

Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. Look at those big black clouds. It is very likely that it will rain. (**going**)
.....
2. Mohammed always returns to the office in the afternoon. Call him then. (**will**)
.....
3. Jane has arranged to fly to Portugal in the summer. She bought the tickets yesterday. (**flying**)
.....
4. Mousa has planned to play in a charity football match at the weekend. (**going**)
.....
5. Mandy isn't expected to come over later because she has to work overtime. (**going**)
.....

Conditional type zero / 1 / 2

Zero Conditional الحالة الصفرية

If- When	مضارع بسيط	مضارع بسيط
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تستخدم مع الحقائق العلمية

1. If you **heat** the water, it **evaporates**.
2. If you **eat** too much, you **gain** weight.

الربط باستخدام IF

1. Heating makes water evaporate. (If)
- If you heat the water, it evaporates.

First conditional الحالة الأولى

If	مضارع بسيط	فعل + will
		فعل + can, shall, may
		فعل أمر Imperatives

تستخدم مع الأحداث المحتملة في المستقبل

1. If you **study** hard, you **will get** high marks.
2. If he **doesn't leave** now, he **won't catch** the train.

الربط باستخدام IF

1. Study hard and you will succeed. تنبؤ If you study hard, you will succeed.
2. Study hard otherwise you will fail. تهديد If you don't study hard, you will fail.
(Unless you study hard, you will fail.)
3. I promise to reward you when you win the match. وعد If you win the match, I will reward you.

Second Conditional الحالة الثانية

If	ماضي بسيط	would – could + فعل
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تستخدم مع الاحداث غير محتملة في المستقبل أو المضارع.

1. If you **got up** early, you **would catch** the train.
2. If I **were** you, I **would study** medicine.
3. If he **had** enough money, he **would not buy** a used car.

1- يمكن استخدام **were** في الحالة الشرطية الثانية مع كل أنواع الفاعل

If I **were** rich, I would live in a huge house.

2- (لو كنت مكانك للتعبير عن الرأي أو إعطاء النصيحة) **If I were you, I'd.....**

If I **were** you, I wouldn't buy it.

3- يمكن استخدام **unless** بدلا من **if ... not...** وتنطبق عليه جميع قوانين if

I won't buy this car unless you agree (= I won't buy this car if you don't agree).

Choose a, b, c or d. **WB P. 67**

1. If you don't work hard, you..... your goals.
a. **won't achieve** b. **wouldn't achieve** c. **will achieve** d. **would achieve**
2. If I you, I wouldn't give a speech wearing that suit.
a. **am** b. **will be** c. **would be** d. **were**
3. If the marshmallows were cheaper, Isome.
a. **will buy** b. **would buy** c. **buy** d. **don't buy**
4. If you paint the house yourself, itunprofessional.
a. **may look** b. **looks** c. **would look** d. **look**
5. If you don't water plants, they.....
a. **have died** b. **died** c. **would die** d. **die**

6. What would you do if youa huge spider in the bathtub?

- a. find b. found c. would find d. might find**

7. If you need me to find some relevant information, just..... me.

- a. will tell b. would tell c. tell d. told**

8. If Emma..... so inexperienced, I would ask her to take over the company.

- a. wouldn't be b. isn't c. won't be d. weren't**

9. Unless Andrew..... , I won't take him anywhere with me again.

- a. behaved b. behaves c. doesn't behave d. will behave**

10. Will you lend me your car if Ito bring it back tomorrow?

- a. would promise b. promise c. must promise d. will promise**

1. If you don't water plants, they_____ .

- A. have died B. died C. would die D. die**

2. If I heat water, it _____ .

- A. boils B. Will boil C. Would boil D. Is going to boil**

3. When I get back from the supermarket, I _____ the shelf in the bedroom.

- A. will fix B. going to fix C. fix D. am fixing**

4. If you decide to order coffee after lunch, I _____ you.

- A. will join B. be joining C. join D. am about to join**

5. If you _____ in the front row at the dolphin show, you will get wet.

- A. will sit B. sit C. must sit D. can sit**

6. If you don't work hard, you _____ your goals.

- A. won't achieve B. wouldn't achieve C. will achieve D. would achieve**

7. If you paint the house yourself, it _____ unprofessional.

- A. may look B. looks C. would look D. look**

8. Unless Andrew _____, I won't take him anywhere with me again.

- A. behaved** **B. behaves** **C. doesn't behave** **D. will behave**

9. If you sleep early. You _____ up early.

- A. wake** **B. wakes** **C. will wake** **D. won't wake**

10. If she cooks well, we _____ a delicious meal.

- A. eat** **B. eats** **C. will eat** **D. would eat**

11. If my father _____ me, I will immediately go home.

- A. call** **B. calls** **C. will call** **D. would call**

12. Will you lend me your car if I _____ to bring it back tomorrow?

- A. would promise** **B. promise** **C. must promise** **D. will promise**

13. If I _____ you, I wouldn't give a speech wearing that suit.

- A. am** **B. will be** **C. would be** **D. were**

14. If the marshmallows were cheaper, I _____ some.

- A. will buy** **B. would buy** **C. buy** **D. don't buy**

15. What would you do if you _____ a huge spider in the bathtub?

- A. find** **B. found** **C. would find** **D. might find**

16. If Emma _____ so inexperienced, I would ask her to take over the company.

- A. wouldn't be** **B. isn't** **C. won't be** **D. weren't**

17. If I had money, I _____ a new mobile.

- A. buy** **B. buys** **C. will buy** **D. would buy**

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Majed _____ (**help**) you if you ask him.

2. Where would you go if you _____ (**can**) travel anywhere in the world?

3. If you _____ (**not hurry**), we'll be late.

4. When people _____ (**eat**) unhealthy food, they put on weight easily.
5. If Noora had more time, she _____ (**cook**) more often.
6. You _____ (**not succeed**) unless you work hard.
7. I _____ (**not stay**) up late if I were you. It's a school day tomorrow.
8. Unless Jane _____ (**want**) to get fired, she shouldn't be late for work again.
9. If Barry _____ (**not live**) in the countryside, we'd see him more often.
10. A 'help box' _____ (**appear**) on the screen when you press F1.
11. If he _____ (**press**) that button, the machine starts.
12. If it rains, the ground _____ (**get**) wet.
13. If you pour oil on water, it _____ (**float**).
14. If he _____ (**mix**) yellow and blue, he gets green.
15. If we put water in the freezer, it _____ (**turn**) into ice.
16. If she _____ (**study**) hard, she will definitely succeed.
17. If you promise to pass the exam. I _____ (**bring**) you a present.
18. If he _____ (**play**) well, he will join the national football team.
19. If you see Omar, _____ (**tell**) him to call me.
20. If I do this test, I _____ (**improve**) my English.
21. If he _____ (**find**) his ring, I will give it back to you.
22. I _____ (**go**) shopping if I have time in the afternoon.
23. If I _____ (**am**) you, I would tell him the whole story.
24. If I had enough money, I _____ (**go**) to U.S.A.

25. If they _____ (**tell**) their father, he would be very angry.
26. She _____ (**spend**) a year in the USA if it were easier to get a green card.
27. If I _____ (**live**) on a lonely island, I would run around all day.
28. My brother _____ (**buy**) a sports car if he had the money.
29. If Michelle had more time, she _____ (**cook**) more often.

أمثلة محلولة

1. Unless you play well, you will lose the match. **if**
 _____ **If you don't play well, you will lose the match** _____
2. If Ali doesn't run quickly, he will lose the race. **Unless**
 _____ **Unless Ali runs quickly, he will lose the race** _____
3. If you don't study hard, you won't pass the test. **unless**
 _____ **Unless you study hard, you won't pass the test** _____
4. Unless you eat healthy food, you will be sick. **If**
 _____ **If you don't eat healthy food, you will be sick** _____

For the advanced

Rewrite the sentences using Conditional Sentences Type 1 and Type 2 and the words given.

1. You must finish your homework, and then you will be allowed to go out. (**if**)

2. I can't buy a sports car because I haven't got enough money. (**could**)

3. Study harder, or else you won't pass the test. (**unless**)

4. Don't eat all that chocolate because you will get sick. (**if**)

Writing

Argumentative essay:- النص الجدلي أو النقاشي

Sample:-

Have you ever thought about the pros and cons of..... Some people think that has advantages, but others argue and see that has disadvantages. This essay will discuss both the advantages and disadvantages of

On the one hand, some people think that has a positive side.

To begin with, الميزة الأولى For example, مثال أول.....

Moreover, الميزة الثانية..... It مثال
..... ثان.....

On the other hand, others argue that has a negative side.

Firstly, عيب أول.....

What I mean, مثال أول.....

Secondly, عيب ثان For example, مثال ثان.....

To sum up, اسم الموضوع..... has advantages and disadvantages. It..... مميزات

..... باختصار however, it عيوب باختصار..... In my opinion, the advantages outweigh the disadvantages.

Module 7 H2O

with		on		from	
cope with	يتماشى مع	depend on	يعتمد على	benefit from	يستفيد من
deal with	يتعامل مع	insist on	يصر على	rescue from	ينقذ من
cooperate with	يتعاون مع	spend on	ينفق على	recover from	يتعافى من
communicate with	يتواصل مع	congratulate on	يهنئ على	escape from	يهرب من
link with	يربط بـ	rely on	يعتمد على	die from	يموت بسبب
				suffer from	يعاني من

Complete using **with**, **on** or **from**.

- All the students benefitted.....the exchange programme.
- I find it difficult to cooperatesome of my colleagues.
- The tennis player recoveredhis injury and was able to play in the next tournament.
- A large percentage of the population dependsmobile phones to communicate with others.
- Do you think Fahad can cope..... all the work I've given him?
- A lion escaped the zoo yesterday afternoon.
- The government plans to increase the money they spendagriculture.
- There are many countries in the world that are struggling to deal..... water shortage.
- Amanda has been sufferingterrible headaches lately.
- Ibraheem, we'd all like to congratulateyou winning this award.

Choose the correct answer :-

1. Jane is a good friend, who I can rely _____ for whatever I need.

- A. in** **B. at** **C. on** **D. from**

2. The firefighter rescued the baby _____ the burning building.

- A. in** **B. at** **C. on** **D. from**

3. How much did you spend _____ your new car?

- A. in** **B. at** **C. on** **D. from**

4. Eric shouldn't cope _____ the stress at this job so he quit.

- A. on** **B. at** **C. with** **D. from**

5. My sister insisted _____ lending me the money.

- A. on** **B. at** **C. with** **D. from**

6. Khalid finally recovered fully _____ his illness.

- A. on** **B. at** **C. with** **D. from**

7. If we all cooperate _____ each other, we will quickly solve the problem.

- A. on** **B. at** **C. with** **D. from**

8. I don't know if I'll go out tonight. It depends _____ how much studying I'll have.

- A. on** **B. at** **C. with** **D. from**

الماضي التام Past Perfect

had + V3 (-ed)	يتكون من:
hadn't + V3 (-ed)	صيغة النفي:
Had فاعل V3 (-ed)?	صيغة السؤال:
<p>after /as soon as/ because → ماضي بسيط , ماضي تام</p> <p>when – before – by the time → ماضي تام , ماضي بسيط</p> <p>ماضي بسيط منفي ← until → ماضي تام</p>	الكلمات الدالة:

The Past Perfect Simple is used:

❖ للتعبير عن وصف حدث انتهى قبل نقطة محددة من الوقت في الماضي

- My mum **had done** the washing-up by midnight.

❖ للتعبير عن حدث انتهى قبل حدث آخر في الماضي، ونستخدم الماضي التام للحدث الأقدم.

- The match **had already started** when we got to the stadium.

Time expressions

before + point in time	قبل + نقطة محددة من الوقت
by + point in time	قبل + نقطة محددة من الوقت
before, after, when, by the time, already, ever, never, just	

Rewrite:-

1. The train left. Then Nasser arrived at the station. **(by the time)**

2. Philip washed his car. A while later it started to rain. **(before)**

3. Mary fell asleep. A while later, the TV programme ended. **(by the time)**

4. Jameel learnt to drive. Then he bought a car. **(after)**

5. Ali read the books. Then he returned them to the library. **(when)**

6. Salwa visited the art gallery. Then she met her friends. **(after)**

7. She was ready to go out. Then, it began to rain. **(By the time)**

8. By the time we arrived, the bus had left. **(as soon as)**

9. As soon as I had finished my homework, I went to sleep. **(before)**

10. They wrote the homework. After that, they watched the match. **(after)**

11. I got into the taxi. Then I realized my bag was still in the café. **(after)**

12. Sameh arrived that station. Then the train left. **(as soon as)**

13. I washed the car. After that, I drove to work. **(before)**

14. Sarah didn't sleep until she had written her homework. (**after**)

15. William left the café. Then I arrived. (**by**)

16. Mark called Peter. Then he went to work. (**before**)

17. I finished cooking dinner. Then the children came home. (**by**)

18. The presentation started. Then Mr. Matthews arrived. (**When**)

19. Danny finished his work. Then he watched the news. (**after**)

Choose the correct answer

- 1- After he (**park - has parked - was parking - had parked**), he went to his office.
- 2- After the businessman (**bought - had bought - has bought - was buying**) the ticket, he took the train.
- 3- Before she (**has done - is doing - did - had done**) the shopping, she had visited her neighbour.
- 4- By the time the firemen arrived, the fire (**has gone - had gone - was gone - was going**) out.
- 5- I wasn't thirsty because I (**drunk - have drunk - had drunk - drank**) a lot of water.
- 6- The film (**has begun - had begun - I was begun - begun**) when we arrived at the cinema.
- 7- The workman finished work after the owner (**arriving - has arrived - had arrived I was arriving**).
- 8- As soon as I (**finish - had finished - finishing - finishes**) my work, I switched on the TV.
- 9- By the time we arrived at school, the bell (**was ringing - has rung - rang - had rung**).
- 10- After we had finished work, we (**watched - watching - had watched - were watching**) TV.
- 11- (**Although - As soon as - But - If**) I had finished my work, I switched on the radio.
- 12- Before we arrived, the train (**will leave - left - had left - has left**).

- 13- Samir was unhappy because he (**is losing - had lost - lose - was losing**) his keys.
- 14- After (**had - having - had had - has had**) his tea, he went out.
- 15- After I (**phones - have phoned - had phoned - phoning**) my friend, he came at once.
- 16- I phoned him as soon as I (**had known - knows - knowing - will know**) the result of the exam.
- 17- Before leaving, she (**eat - ate - eating - had eating**) her breakfast.
- 18- I lost the watch which my father (**give - gave - had given - gives**) me.
- 19- By the time I arrived at the supermarket, the police (**arrest – arrests - arrested - had arrested**) the thief.

Correct the verbs between brackets

1. By the time the climbers (**reach**)..... the top of the mountain, it (**start**)raining.
2. When I (**arrive**)at the office, I (**realise**)that I (**not take**)my mobile phone with me.
3. My brother (**be**)angry when he (**come**)home because his car (**break down**)
4. The men (**load**) all the supplies on the ship before they (**leave**) the port.
5. By the time the flight attendants (**serve**)the meal, most of the passengers (**fall**)asleep.
6. After everyone (**board**)..... the plane, the flight attendant (**ask**)the passengers to fasten their seat belts.

Writing: Summary ملخص

Read the following extract and make a summary.

Who are the main characters? When and where does the story take place?

What is the main theme? What are the main events? How do the events take place?

Why do the events take place? What is the message or moral of the story?

Robinson Crusoe

By Daniel Defoe

Robinson Crusoe is written by Daniel Defoe. The main character is Robinson Crusoe.

The main issue is about Robinson's love of adventure. The story takes place in 1651

on ship to London. The main incidents start when Robinson Crusoe decides to travel

and see the world. The main problem starts when the ship almost sinks because of

the storm. However, Robinson Crusoe is saved by another ship, he refuses to go back

home. At the end, Robinson does not stop travelling because he loves adventures. I

have learnt that I should obey my parents.